First record of *Araeomolis propinqua* Toulgoët, 1998 (Lepidoptera: Erebididae: Arctiinae) from Brazil

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**Abstract:** This note reports the first record of *Araeomolis propinqua* Toulgoët, 1998 (Lepidoptera: Erebididae: Arctiinae) in Brazil. The specimens were found in Amazônia National Park, Pará state, Eastern Amazon. The distribution of *A. propinqua* is extended 1,100 km south from its nearest previous locality.

**Key words:** Noctuoidea; Arctiini; Phaegopterina; tiger-moths; Neotropics

The genus *Araeomolis* was described by Hampson in 1901 and its distribution is exclusively Neotropical; currently there are ten described species (Vincent and Laguerre 2014), and among these, six have known distribution in Brazil: *Araeomolis albipicta* (Dognin, 1909) (Amazonas), *A. irregularis* (Rothschild, 1909) (Amazonas), *A. irrupta* (Schaus, 1905) (Pará), *A. perstilis* Rothschild, 1909 (Amazonas), *A. rhodographa* Hampson, 1901 (Amazonas and Pará) and *A. rubens* (Schaus, 1905) (Amazonas, Maranhão, Mato Grosso, Pará and Rondônia) (Rothschild 1910; Hawes et al. 2009; Ferro and Diniz 2010; Vincent and Laguerre 2014; Teston and Correa 2015).

*Araeomolis propinqua* Toulgoët, 1998 was described from a male specimen whose type locality is Piste de Nancibo PK 0.5, Route de Regina in Cayenne, French Guiana; the type is deposited in the collection of the Muséum National d’Histoire Naturelle, Paris, France.

**Figure 1.** *Araeomolis propinqua* Toulgoët, 1998, dorsal view, male. Scale bar = 1cm.
Table 1. Geographical coordinates of known distribution of Araeomolis propinqu a Toulgoët, 1998.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country*</th>
<th>State/province*</th>
<th>Latitude †</th>
<th>Longitude †</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>French Guiana</td>
<td>Cayenne</td>
<td>04°25′44.40″ N</td>
<td>052°33′39.96″ W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Venezuela</td>
<td>Amazonas</td>
<td>05°39′28.80″ N</td>
<td>067°26′45.60″ W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Venezuela</td>
<td>Bolivar</td>
<td>06°07′08.4″ N</td>
<td>063°37′40.80″ W</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* (Toulgoët 1998).
† Geographical coordinates approximated using Google Earth.

(MNHN). This species is also reported as occurring in Venezuela (Amazonas and Bolivar states) (Toulgoët 1998) (Table 1).

We collected two individuals of A. propinqu a (Figure 1), between 12–13 July 2013 and 03–04 March 2014, using L-shaped light traps made with two white sheets (2 × 2 m) and two mixed-lamps (250 watts), in Amazônia National Park, Municipality of Itaituba, state of Pará, Brazil (04°39′16.8″ S, 056°36′08.9″ W) (Figure 2).

The voucher specimens were deposited in the lepidopterological collection of Laboratório de Estudos de Lepidópteros Neotropicais (LELN) of Programa de Ciências Naturais (PCNAT, UPOPA). Collections were made with permission of ICMBio, under “Autorização para atividades com finalidade científica 30499–2” and “Licença Permanente para Coleta de Material Zoológico 18132–3” from SISBIO, both issued to JAT.

The identification was made using the description and figures of Toulgoët (1998). Genitalia were also compared to Toulgoët (1998). The general appearance of A. propinqu a is very close to that of A. rubens but the color of the forewing is slightly dark brown with two vertical bands. The hind wing is triangular dark crimson with a small bright white costal area.


This is the first record for the species in Brazil and it extends the known distribution of A. propinqu a 1,100 km south from Cayenne, French Guiana, the closest record for the species (Toulgoët 1998). This new record increases the number of species of Araeomolis occurring in Brazil (Vincent and Laguerre 2014) to seven and the number of species of Arctiinae occurring in Pará state (Teston and Freitas 2015) to 534 and highlights the need to sample in poorly known areas such as the Brazilian Amazon.

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LITERATURE CITED


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